

Standard.

PUBLISHED 1870

Subscription prices: City, per year, \$3.00; State, per year, \$4.00; Foreign, per year, \$5.00. Single copies, 10 cents. Advertising rates on application.

WHOOPIING COUGH AS AN EPIDEMIC.

Whooping cough is getting beyond and is spreading throughout the city. One afflicted person is a public nuisance and the audience is closely communicating the disease.

The mild weather, whooping cough is a serious disorder, but it will winter there is a complication involving the contagion is not a possibility of continuing until that it is to be dreaded.

NO TERMINAL OGDEN.

Short Line has local passenger service once more is circling San Pedro, or Clark over the piece of the track between the line and the eastern line is to be fixed. It should be an excellent part of the Union Pacific.

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committed suicide in 1889. The right of succession passed to the emperor's second brother. He died in 1896 and then his son, the man murdered Sunday, was next in line. A few years later this heir-presumptive seriously complicated affairs by his morose marriage to Countess Sophie Chotek; there was formal renunciation of all claim to the succession by her children.

This marriage greatly disturbed Emperor Francis Joseph; it was merely one in the series of domestic troubles and tragedies that have marked his reign. These include the luckless attempt of his brother Maximilian to establish for himself an empire in Mexico, the suicide of his son and heir, under unsavory circumstances, the assassination of the Empress Elizabeth, at Geneva, in 1898, and the countless difficulties with which the emperor has had first and last to deal, due to all sorts of offenses on the part of members of the royal house of Hapsburg.

In recent years the run of testimony has been that Archduke Francis Ferdinand was addressing himself seriously and intelligently to the problems of state, in anticipation of the time when the succession would pass to him. It is said that he has shared in many undertakings having in view better industrial and political conditions in the empire. He was fifty-one years old. Next in line for the throne is Archduke Charles. He was born in 1887 and was married three years ago to Princess Zita of Parma.

"I am spared nothing," exclaimed the aged emperor of Austria, yesterday, when the tidings of this latest tragedy reached him. In this instance, the words seem literally true, wherein they relate to domestic afflictions. But his remarkably long reign, dating from 1848, must soon end. The most serious problem of all for his empire relates to the things that may happen when his career closes.

Dr. Alexander Graham Bell, inventor of the telephone, in a communication to the National Geographic society at Washington, declares the Atlantic ocean can be crossed by a heavier-than-air machine in 13 hours, and his figures are:

"A flying machine flies faster as you go higher up, because the rarer air offers less resistance to the motion, while the propeller gives the same push with the same power, whatever the elevation. As you get into the rarer air the propeller spins around faster. A 50-mile-an-hour machine flying two miles high in the air—and we have machines that have

gone twice as high as that—will fly much faster than 50 miles an hour. Then at an elevation of two miles high in the air there is a constant wind blowing in the general direction of Europe having a velocity anywhere from 25 to 50 miles an hour.

"As a net result of all these things, there can be little doubt that any ordinary machine that is able to support itself in the air at an elevation of two miles high will attain a speed of at least 100 miles an hour in the direction of Europe, and that means going from America to Europe in a single day. Calculation shows that, taking all these circumstances into consideration, our best machines should be able to cross the Atlantic in 13 hours. I hardly dare say it aloud for publication. It is sufficient to startle to know that it is not only possible, but probable, that the passage may be made in a single day. But if, as I imagine, it can be done in 13 hours, you may take an early breakfast in Newfoundland and a late dinner in Ireland the same night."

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Manager Joseph Goss of the Orpheum theater has returned from a ten-day business trip to Chicago and New York City. While in New York he booked a number of the biggest dramatic successes of last season, which are to come west next season with the original companies. Among the most prominent are Maude Adams in one of her repertoire plays, Joseph Santley in "When Dreams Come True," and De Wolf Hopper, with the Gilbert Sullivan Opera company. Joseph Santley is a nephew of Mrs. Joe Smith of Ogden and reached the rank of "star" in the play "When Dreams Come True."

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Why? Because to do so would make a roaring farce of the union of Progressive and Democrat in Utah. Roosevelt is the masterful mind of the Progressive party in the nation, in fact he is the Progressive party. What he stands for, the party is obligated to espouse. But here in Utah, the clever politicians of the Democratic party so completely have hoodwinked the reformers that they have placed the Progressives in the attitude of self-stultification.

Here is what Roosevelt said yesterday at a political meeting in Pittsburgh, which we challenge any Progressive, who subscribes to fusion, to read before any public political gathering during the present campaign in Utah:

"As regards the tariff, I wish especially to call your attention to the promises made by President Wilson and his supporters two years ago. They asserted that their method of tariff reduction would reduce the cost of living and would, as they said, the trusts were the creatures of the tariff. We then answered that their promises were empty words, that no such results as they stated could or would follow from the course they advocated, and that only by the method we proposed could either the trust or the tariff question be dealt with as so as to abate the existing evils and at the same time increase the general well being. Two short years have proved us to be right. Their promises have not been kept. Their performance has brought distress upon the nation. The cost of living has not been reduced. But the ability of the average man to earn a living has been greatly reduced. Not the slightest progress has been made toward solving the trust question. But the business community has been harassed and harried to no purpose and the prosperity of the business man has been checked, exactly as the prosperity of the farmer and the wage worker has been checked. As for the farmer, the present tariff, the administration's tariff, was so framed as to result in the sacrifice of his interests. He had no spokesman, no friend in high quarters and his welfare was contemptuously sacrificed. At every point where his interests were involved, he was made to suffer. As for the wage worker, the result of the tariff was that he suffered even more than the farmer, for he was thrown out of employment and lost the means to his livelihood. As for the employer, sometimes he

has been able to struggle on with the loss of profits, sometimes he has had to close his shop. In business and in which any of the big trusts were concerned, it was the small competitors of the trusts who were injured and in many cases ruined. Tariff reduction as put into practice by the present administration has chiefly benefited foreign rivals and competitors. It has done grave injury to the business community and the farming community, and has caused suffering to the wage workers, and the whole policy of the administration has been one to cause our people in business, our people on the farms, our people with dinner pails, to look toward the future with grave concern and apprehension."

The one essential thing to do is to turn out the Democrats who are responsible for this grave concern and apprehension; to restore to the country the prosperity that always prevails when a protective tariff is in force. That cannot be done, either in the nation or in Utah by voting to defeat Republican candidates.

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SACRIFICE SALE

of Untrimmed Hats Thursday and Friday

Prices Slashed Beyond Belief



These come in the sea-

son's latest modes—

Sailors; High Bandeaued

effects—values to \$4.00

25c

HEMP, TAGAL AND MILAN BRAIDS

Season's most exclusive styles—these come in white, navy blue and black—values to \$6.50

EXCEPTIONAL MILLINERY VALUES FOR THURSDAY AND FRIDAY IN LINES OTHER THAN THESE ADVERTISED HERE.

Last & Thomas' Millinery Dept.

error William Spry, which is as follows:

"Ogden, Utah, June 29, 1914

"Hon. William Spry, Governor of the State of Utah, Dear Sir: During the fall of 1913, Your Honor published a reward in the sum of \$5,000.00 to be paid to any person or persons furnishing evidence leading to the arrest and conviction of the person or persons responsible for the blackmailing being conducted against certain of Ogden's citizens, and for the crimes resulting from such blackmailing.

"Since the arrest and conviction of J. H. Martin it has been called to my attention that different parties are claiming all or a portion of the reward posted by Your Honor as Executive of the State of Utah.

"According to my best knowledge I furnished the initial information which led to the arrest of J. H. Martin. This was done on, or about, the 18th day of November, 1913, when I gave information which was by my friends conveyed to Postoffice Inspector Ralph Smith, making known the fact that after the shooting of Dave Edwards on the 9th day of November, 1913, said Martin left his home and was gone for the period of a week and then when he returned he was limping. I also informed them that from my past knowledge of the defendant, J. H. Martin, he was capable of doing the acts for the commission of which the reward was published, and that in opinion he was the man.

"My understanding is that upon receipt of this information, Postoffice Inspector Ralph Smith immediately caused the arrest of the defendant, J. H. Martin.

"Wherefore, by reason of the above facts I now present this, my claim to the above mentioned reward for Your Honor's consideration.

(Signed) Respectfully submitted, CHARLES J. STRONG, JOHN H. COOK.

District Attorney J. C. Davis was asked last night as to when the reward would be paid, said it was his opinion that no one would be paid until Martin's appeal to the supreme court had been considered.

HE KNEW.

"I am thinking of touring in South Africa next season," remarked the comedian. "Take my advice and don't," replied the villain. "An ostrich egg

weighs from two to three pounds."

Tilt-Bits.

In cutting the "guarantee" out from the food labels the government will also be taking the bunk from "bunko" in many instances.—Chicago News.

DELINQUENT NOTICE.

Ogden Bench Canal & Water Co.

Location of business Ogden, Utah.

Notice: There are delinquent on the following described stock, on account of assessment levied on the 2nd day of April, 1914, and any assessment levied previously thereto, the several amounts set opposite the names of the respective shareholders, as follows:

No. of Shares. Am't.

Cert.

4 Elizabeth S. Shields 30 \$ 60

5 Fred A. Shields 30 60

1007 Dennis J. Sheehan 105 210

815 John Smuin 32 64

990 Mary Ann Burnhope 51 102

55 John Bowman 125 250

959 Elizabeth Thomas 10 20

58 Sarah Ann Marshall 80 160

10869 A. J. Jost 73 146

1121 67 Mary A. Jost 30 60

69 Emma J. Hinely 72 144

971 C. H. and Mary J. Goss 59 118

1214 Ethel S. Skeen 51 102

975 A. E. Helms 38 76

99 Samuel Culley 99 99

104 Carl Anderson 25 50

107 Samuel Horrocks 120 240

112 William Farrell 130 260

939 Le Roy Cowles 35 70

188 O. A. Parmley 24 48

196 A. D. Shurtliff 80 160

1045 Herbert Cook 24 48

222 J. M. Lightfoot 24 48

645 Christian Bouwhuis 51 102

231 Elizabeth Severn 37 74

773 Henry W. Beckett 29 58

932 Mary A. Leatham 24 48

1164 Ernest W. Schonlan 71 142

1072 288 Eliza M. Krumpnerman 145 290

290 315 William Royle 27 54

315 Mrs. R. P. Harris 40 80

1213 R. S. Venable 50 100

354 Mrs. Selma Marks 35 70

1040 Ellis Flint 71 142

356 George M. and Jane Kerr 64 128

1113 Job Read 17 34

400 William Drysdale 24 48

406 Edwin Maw 40 80

419 William Weimers 14 28

838 George E. Rowland 24 48

766 M. D. Volght 98 196

439 W. P. Foster 57 114

453 Mary E. Hastings 24 48

825 John Gilmore 56 112

474 Beryl Covington 94 188

484 Oscar Williams 32 64

492 Jane B. Snaddon 146 292

498 Jane A. Wilson 160 320

507 Ellen Chapman 246 492

819 Casper Bachman 45 90

687 John Rackham 24 48

1010 F. Jarvis 48 96

565 Marian E. Johnson 32 64

592 Edgar D. Stone 80 160

594 Rosa Callaghan 40 80

601 Dan B. Roman 32 64

614 Thomas McClatchy 36 72

618 Elizabeth Watts 24 48

750 John J. Swartz 24 48

620 Mary Garner 24 48

797 C. H. Gosling 24 48

709 E. A. Munsey 20 40

517 George M. Kerr 32 64

860 Fred Anderson 32 64

787 Eliza B. Culley 36 72

824 G. J. Kruttsch 44 88

833 Wm. J. Grose 21 42